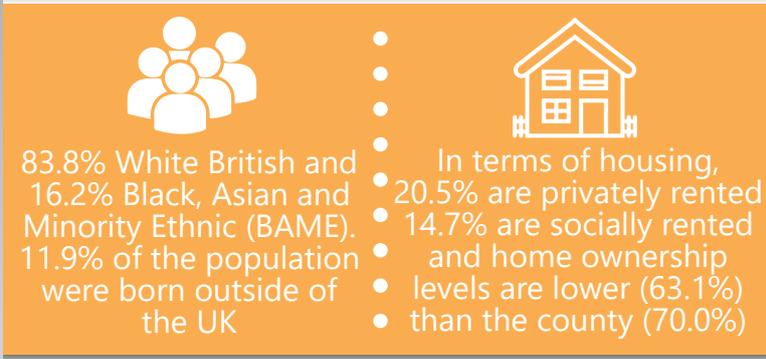
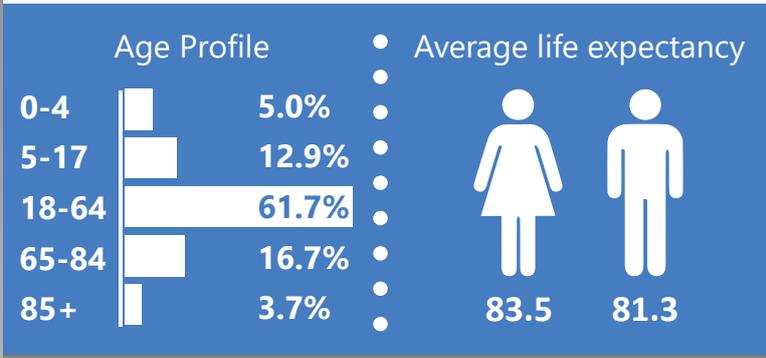
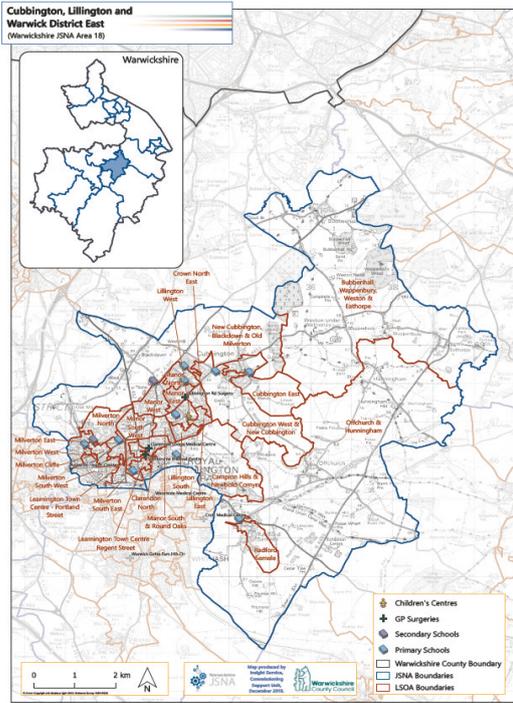




37,743
population

0.6%
increase in
population
since 2011



3 GP practices report figures significantly higher than the national rate for the prevalence of osteoporosis (0.6%) in 2017/18. The rate at Clarendon Lodge Medical Centre is 2.1%

The prevalence of depression in adults (18+) in 2 GP practices has remained significantly higher than both the CCG and England rate since 2015/16

The recorded diagnosis of dementia (65+) at Clarendon Lodge Surgery and Croft Medical Centre was significantly higher than the England rate in 2018



2 GP practices report figures significantly higher than the national rate for the recorded prevalence of hypertension (13.9%) in 2017/18. The rate at Cubbington Road Surgery is 15.5%

3 GP practices report figures significantly higher than the national rate for the prevalence of obesity (aged 18+) in 2017/18 and have been since 2015/16

Whilst 5 GP practices are in line with national rates for the prevalence of cancer, they do not perform as well regarding cancer screening for breast, cervical and bowel cancers



The directly standardised rate for emergency admissions for cancer (all ages) was **837.4** per 100,000 in 2017/18, higher than the county rate (668.7 per 100,000)

The directly standardised rate for emergency hospital admissions for hip fracture aged 65 and over was **639.7** per 100,000, higher than the county rate (567.7)

In 2018, there were **101** young carers (aged up to 25 years old) in Cubbington, Lillington & Warwick District East



73.3%
of children achieved the Expected Level of Development at the end of Key Stage 2. This was an increase on 2017 (69.5%) and 2016 (63.2%) figures



56.5%
of students achieved the new Key Stage 4 measures of 9 to 5 (strong pass) in English and Maths, higher than the county average (47.2%)

In Lillington East LSOA, only **10.0%** of all children achieved a 9-5 strong pass in 2018. Children classed as disadvantaged were markedly less likely to achieve than those who were not



5.3%
of adult social care service users are receiving a mental health package, almost double the county rate (2.8%)



Lillington East LSOA had a rate of **182.9** children in looked after care per 10,000 children (the county rate is 49.9)

There were **299**

total referrals to MASH in 2018. The rate of referrals in the LSOAs of Lillington East, Lillington West and Lillington North were significantly high



A Warwick District resident would need **8.6 times** the average annual salary (£32,979) to be able to afford the average-priced house (£285,000)



Lillington East LSOA had the lowest median household income (in 2015/16) of **£20,373**. Milverton North LSOA had the highest (£42,225)

3.1%

of the total population live in Lillington East LSOA, which is amongst the 10% most deprived LSOAs in England



There was a **10.6%** increase in visitors to Warwick food banks between 2016/17 and 2017/18. Low income was the most common reason for visiting



citizens advice

In 2017/18, **30.4%** of all Citizens Advice appointments were related to benefits, tax credits and Universal Credit issues

The number of rough sleepers in Warwick District rose by **50%** between 2013 and 2017. 42.9% of all rough sleepers counted in Warwickshire were sleeping in Warwick District



42.2% of the population have achieved degree-level or above qualifications, significantly higher than the county rate (28.8%)



According to Experian's socio-demographic classification tool, Mosaic, **23.8%** of all households are classed as 'Rental Hubs'



The crime rate in 2018 was **87.6** per 1,000 population, higher than the county rate (72.6). Only four other JSNA areas had a higher crime rate