Building Energy & Emissions Review 2021-22

In **2022** the new Council Plan and the draft Sustainable Futures Strategy (SFS) were published, both with a focus on responding to climate change and meeting net zero commitments. Warwickshire County Council are aiming to reduce the Council's carbon footprint to net zero by **2030** and want to work with partners and residents in Warwickshire to support the County to do the same by no later than **2050**.

Warwickshire County Council has been reporting on emissions since 2013 and working to bring carbon emissions down since 2015. A climate emergency was declared in July 2019

Since **2016** the Council has bought electricity for its corporate buildings from Total Energies

> Pure Green Energy

tariff which comes from **100%**

renewable sources such as solar, wind, hydro and wave which all play a part in the reduction of emissions

Effective building management systems, better property insulation and lighting systems alongside the disposal of inefficient properties, have all played a part in bringing down the Council's carbon emissions each year since 2015.

REDUCTION

CO₂ emissions FROM COUNCIL OPERATIONS

2015 - 2021

The main sources of energy spend for the Council in 2021/22 are **buildings**,

streetlighting, traffic

signals and operational

fleet vehicles.

The benchmark figure in 2015 was 5,604 tCO2e. Since then there has been a total significant reduction of **2,308 tCO2e.**

One of the main sources of greenhouse gas

emissions for Warwickshire County

Council is its energy (i.e., gas and electricity) usage in buildings



Renewable Energy, Gas and Electricity Summary

In the past year, electricity and gas consumption has changed from the previous year, as staff return to the office post the post the COVID-19 pandemic.

Overview

UP

CO₂ **Total Carbon Emissions** in tonnes (tCO2e)

Emissions associated with the use of buildings electricity increased this year as people returned to the office from COVID-19.



consumption (tCO2e)

UP Total Energy Consumption

ENERGY

(gas + electricity kWh)



RENEWABLES

Renewable Energy Generation (kWh)

2021/22 CO₂ Emissions

CO₂ Emissions Data 2021/22 (Corporate contract buildings only)

Year	Fuel kWh	No of properties	GIA (m²)	Emissions (t CO ₂)	Total Emissions (tCO2e)
2021/22	Gas	77	120,311	1,802	3,296
	Electricity	84	101,362	1,495	
2020/21	Gas	68	97,508	1,901	3,043
	Electricity	85	99,688	1,141	
2019/20	Gas	71	102,645	2,196	3,761
	Electricity	93	110,547	1,565	
2018/19	Gas	67	92,040	1,950	4,019
	Electricity	85	107,722	2,069	
2017/18	Gas	65	92,015	2,063	4,598
	Electricity	83	100,842	2,535	

Top 10 CO₂ Emmiters per m2



To give context to these values, the average across ALL properties is shown at the bottom in yellow.

Low & Zero Carbon Technologies



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Renewable energy installations

Year	Total installed declared net capacity (kWp)	Generation (kWh)	Net on site consumption (kWh)
2021/21	284	217,366	131,195
2020/21	284	236,447	140,137
2019/20	284	213,635	156,064
2018/19	284	251,833	181,251

The Council's electricity generation from renewable sources is equivalent to around **3%** of the total electricity consumption. We will continue to work with partners to access available funding and investigate financially viable renewable energy projects, investing further in renewable energy generation and low carbon heating where appropriate.

Year	No of properties	GIA (m²)	
2021/22	77	120,311	
2020/21	68	97,508	
2019/20	71	102,645	
2018/19	67	92,040	
2017/18	65	94,622	

kWh of Gas Consumption by Year

2021/2211,460,7572020/2110,379,7112019/2011,942,4142018/1910,621,3112017/1811,570,990

Top 10 Consumers of Gas per m2

Priory Bungalow	405
Rugby Register Office	288
The Ratcliffe Youth & Community Centre	279
Nuneaton Fire Station	258
Kenilworth Fire Station	250
Rugby Fire Station	233
The Benn Education Centre	228
Coleshill Fire Station	220
The Saltway Centre & Stratford Family Centre	211
Wellesbourne Fire Station	211
Average	118

To give context to these values, the average across ALL properties is shown at the bottom in yellow.

Electricity Consumption Data 2020/21 (Corporate buildings only)

Year	No of properties	GIA (m ²)
2021/22	84	101,362
2020/21	85	99,688
2019/20	93	110,547
2018/19	85	107,722
2017/18	83	105,650

kWh of Electricity Consumption by Year

 2021/22
 6,748,992

 2020/21
 5,377,929

 2019/20
 6,701,059

 2018/19
 6,786,313

 2017/18
 6,847,403



Top 10 Consumers of kWh of Electricity per m2



To give context to these values, the average across ALL properties is shown at the bottom in grey.



Total avoided carbon dioxide emissions (tonnes) WCC's Electricity 2021/22 55 has been 2020/21 54 2019/20 54 RENEWAB ENERGY WCC procures 'Pure Green' electricity for its corporate buildings from ESPO. TotalEnergies currently supplies electricity for this contract. since October 2016 Pure Green electricity comes from 100% renewable sources: solar wind, and hydro/wave.



Recommendations for further investigation

The Council used government support from PSDS (Public Sector Decarbonisation Scheme) in 2021 to install low carbon technology at Eliot Park Innovation Centre (solar panels, heat pump), Bedworth Fire Station (heat pump) and Station Road Care Home (heat pump). We will report on this next year and will continue to build on our knowledge from work funded by the Low Carbon Skills Fund and conduct further energy audits in future years to help us to reduce our carbon emissions further.

Year on year reductions in carbon emissions have slowed since the initial quick wins identified in **2015**; 'and moving forward it will be more difficult to find carbon reductions without substantial investment in areas such as renewable energy generation and low carbon heating. Energy surveys will be needed to identify further investment opportunities. WCC will continue to work to access available government and other funding sources and enable further carbon reductions.